

<u>Subject</u>	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	<u>Spring 1</u>	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2	<u>Cultural</u> capital
<u>English</u>	See Nelson Academy Writing Scheme of Work.	See Nelson Academy Writing Scheme of Work.	See Nelson Academy Writing Scheme of Work.	See Nelson Academy Writing Scheme of Work.	See Nelson Academy Writing Scheme of Work.	See Nelson Academy Writing Scheme of Work.	Theatre
Maths	See White Rose National Curriculum Progression (Year 1-6) document All units include a recap of previous year's objective due to Covid-19	See White Rose National Curriculum Progression (Year 1- 6) document All units include a recap of previous year's objective due to Covid-19	See White Rose National Curriculum Progression (Year 1-6) document All units include a recap of previous year's objective due to Covid-19	See White Rose National Curriculum Progression (Year 1-6) document All units include a recap of previous year's objective due to Covid-19	See White Rose National Curriculum Progression (Year 1- 6) document All units include a recap of previous year's objective due to Covid-19	See White Rose National Curriculum Progression (Year 1-6) document All units include a recap of previous year's objective due to Covid-19	Christmas maths day Easter Maths Day
<u>Science</u>	MAGNETISM SIMPLE MACHINES <u>Knowledge:</u> Magnetism demonstrates that there are forces we cannot see that act upon objects. Most magnets contain iron Lodestones: naturally occurring magnets Magnetic poles: north- seeking and south-seeking poles		CYCLES OF NATURE SEASONAL CYCLES <u>Knowledge:</u> The four seasons and Earth's orbit around the Sun Seasons and life processes Spring: sprouting, sap flow in plants, mating and hatching Summer: growth Fall: ripening, migration Winter: plant dormancy, animal hibernation			LIFE CYCLES INSECTS <i>Knowledge:</i> The life cycle: birth, growth, reproduction, death Reproduction in plants and animals From seed to seed with a plant From egg to egg with a chicken From frog to frog From butterfly to butterfly:	Nature reserve Human Body – Spiritual - Develop an awareness of how to keep themselves physically and mentally healthy



Magnetic field (strongest at the poles) THE WATER CYCLE	metamorphosis (see below:
the poics)	(see below)
Law of magnetic attraction:	insects)
Most of the Earth	
unlike poles attract, like surface is covered	by
poles repel. water	INSECTS
The Earth behaves as if it The water cycle	
were a huge magnet: north Evaporation and	Insects can be
and south magnetic poles condensation	helpful and
(pear but not the same as Water vapour in th	
air, numidity	people.
clouds: cirtus,	Helpful:
, cultures, stratus	pollination;
Orienteering: use of a Precipitation,	products like
magnetised needle in a groundwater	honey, beeswax,
compass, which will always	and silk; eat
point to the north	harmful insects
	Harmful: destroy
	crops, trees,
SIMPLE MACHINES	wooden
	buildings,
Children to examine how	clothes; carry
specific tools are made to	disease; bite or
perform specific jobs- for	sting
example, hammers,	Distinguishing
screwdrivers, pliers, etc.	characteristics
	Exoskeleton,
Through observation and	chitin
experimentation, examine	Six legs and three
with children how simple	body parts: head,
machines help make work	thorax and
easier, and how they are	abdomen
applied and combined in	Most but not all
familiar tools and machines.	insects have
	wings
SIMPLE MACHINES	Life cycles:
Lever	metamorphosis
	Some insects
Pulley	look like
	miniature adults



	Wheel and axle			when born from	
	Gears: wheels with teeth			eggs, and they	
	and notches			moult to grow	
	How gears work and			(for example: grasshopper,	
	familiar uses (for example,			cricket)	
	in bicycles)			Some insects go	
				through distinct	
	Inclined plane			stages of egg,	
	Wedge			larva, pupa, adult	
	Screw			(for example:	
				butterflies, ants)	
				Social Insects	
				Most insects live	
				solitary lives, but	
				some are social	
				(for example:	
				ants, honeybees,	
				termites, wasps)	
				Ants: colonies	
				Honeybees:	
				workers, drones,	
				queen	
History	Ancient Greece	Henry II	Elizabethans		History off the
<u>Instory</u>	Andent dreece	Magna Carta	Lizabethans		page
	Knowledge:	Wagila Calta	Knowledge:		Shakespeare
	Knowledge.	Knowledge:	Knowledge.		festival
	This ancient civilisation	Knowledge.	The Elizabethan Era		Visit to the
	forms an important	First of the	was one of apparent		Globe
	foundation of Western	Plantagenet Kings	relative stability due		Globe
	culture.		to the Elizabethan		
	Children will be encouraged	Henry II's legal and	Religious Settlement,		Magna Carta
	to to see how the politics,	judicial reforms	ending the previous		documents
	philosophies and myths of	Royal Magistrate	conflicts but		the rule of lav
	this civilisation have had a	Courts; Royal	confirming the state's		and liberties
		'circuit' judges;			and inperties
	huge impact, even today.		religion as opposed		



Learning'			
Explanations of how the	extension of Royal	to Catholicism. The	held by free
city-states of Ancient	influence in local,	focus is on on the	men-
Greece provided the	civil cases	social and cultural	Moral -
earliest examples of the	Trial by jury;	significance of this	Respect the
ideas of citizenship and	precedent for	period, especially	rule of law.
democracy	modern legal	how developments in	
	systems	exploration led to a	
Mediterranean Sea, Aegean	Henry's conflict	growth in trade and	Ancient
Sea, Crete	with the church	eventually	Greece –
Become familiar with Sparta	over Thomas á	colonisation, as well	contrast
and its warrior culture	Becket, the	as the cultural	Ancient Greek
Understand the importance	Archbishop of	significance of	and modern
of Athens as a city-state	Canterbury, who	William Shakespeare.	democracy -
	challenged the		Develop and
Athenian democracy	King's authority	ELIZABETH I (1558):	understanding
Marathon and Thermopylae	Murder of the	FINAL TUDOR	of British
Recognise the origin of the	Archbishop at	MONARCH	culture
Olympic Games in Ancient	Canterbury	Elizabethan Religious	including a
Greece.	Cathedral	Settlement; uniting	respect for
Become familiar with	cuticutur	under moderate	democracy
Ancient Greek religion	The Magna Carta	Protestant theology	
Worship of many gods and	and de Montfort's	The Act of Supremacy	
goddesses	parliament can be	(1559)	King's Lynn
Zeus, Poseidon, Hades,	taught together as	Act of Uniformity	building tour
Athena, Hara, Apollo,	the first	(1558); new Book of	and
Artemis, Aphrodite, Ares,	restrictions on the	Common Prayer.	Shakespeare
Hermes, Hephaestus	power of the	End of reformation;	at the Arts
Identify great thinkers from	monarch. Explain	confirmation of	Centre.
Ancient Greece	to students how	Anglicanism as church	Community
Socrates, Plato, Aristotle	the legacies of	of the state	Geography of Asia – Cultural
Sociales, Fidlo, Alistolie	these events		
	helped to shape	EARLY BRITISH	- Develop an appreciation
	and define the	NAVAL DOMINANCE	for and
	changing	Henry VIII created	tolerance of
	relationship	Royal Navy	the richness
	between the		the fictiliess



people and the	Strong Elizabethan	of cultures
king, and how the	Navy and privateers	present in
influence of these	Spanish Armada	British societ
events can be seen in later events in British history.	Philip II of Spain wanted to use the Spanish Armada to	
MAGNA CARTA	overthrow Elizabeth I. English fireships	
Richard I dies (1199)	attack the Spanish Armada, which was pursued around the	
King John reigns	British Isles.	
Dissatisfaction with King John because of unsuccessful foreign wars and his treatment of nobles Magna Carta was created by discontented barons, to be in	Many ships from the Spanish Armada wrecked near Ireland due to storms. Sir Francis Drake Circumnavigated the globe Atlantic privateering Sir Walter Raleigh	
effect in perpetuity	CULTURE IN THE ELIZABETHAN ERA	
The right not to be imprisoned without lawful judgement of peers Limits on the king's power to collect money Provides precedent to	Shakespeare Birthplace in Stratford-upon-Avon The Globe Theatre in London Publication of Shakespeare's plays	



ugn Learning					
ugh Learning'		question royal prerogative King accepts the Magna Carta at the meeting at Runnymede on 15 June, 1215 King rejected the Charter immediately afterwards.			
Geography	Local area Compass and maps Physical and Human		Geography of Asia	Western Europe	
	Geography		Knowledge:		
			_	Terms: temperate	
	Knowledge:		GEOGRAPHY	climate, alpine	
			OF ASIA	climate, agriculture,	
	THE LOCAL		Pupils are	industry, Romance	
	AREA/COMMUNITY		introduced to	language, Germanic	
			Asia through	language	
	Pupils will learn to		the countries		
	distinguish between		of India, China	FRANCE, GERMANY,	
	the built and the natural		and Japan. They will learn	THE NETHERLANDS (HOLLAND),	
	environment. They		where these	(HOLLAND), BELGIUM, AUSTRIA,	
	will learn to		countries are	SWITZERLAND	
	distinguish between		located and	SWITZEREARD	
	different types of		study their	Humid	
	services available in		, physical setting	temperate/broadleaf	
	the community and		and culture.	forest and alpine	
	the functions of			climate/ecosystem	
	different buildings		Learn that Asia	Landscape	
	and land. They will		is the largest		



gh Leai	ning'				
	learn to ider different fea the landscap (which may outside of la urban areas Terms: regio community Observe aerial/satell photograph local area. Use these to settlements features and of interest. Discuss why are located they are, for example loc buildings an services (bai office, shops garage) Discuss land types: parks housing, ind roads, farms Draw a map school grout basic symbol key.	tures of he discrete softhe so	continent, with the most populous countries in the world Himalayan mountain range includes some of the tallest mountains in the world. The tallest mountain is Mt. Everest. Locate the following countries: China India Japan	Alps, centralhighlands, lowlands,Rivers (Rhone, Rhine,Seine, Danube)People and cultureGermanicProtestant/CatholicChurchesClassical musicMozartVivaldiFamous artistsVincent van GoghClaude MonetThe European UnionOrigins, members,trade, migrationEuropean Parliamentin BrusselsSettlementsParis, Lyon, Berlin,Munich, Vienna,Zurich, Amsterdam,BrusselsEconomic activityAgriculture (cheese,wine, fruit andvegetables)Industry (cars)Services (tourism,restaurants, hotels)	



sh Learning'						
		Introduce scale: for example, fifty paces = 5 cm on a map. Identify different types of residence Apartments, terraced housing, detached houses Understand features of the natural environment Rivers, hills, coastline, vegetation, animals Discuss ways in which the natural environment is managed and changed by people (e.g. park, farming, reservoir, urban drainage).				
Visual Arts & DT	DT Greek food: preparing flat bread, salads, fruit and honey DT Investigation of mechanisms: tools, levers and gears Ancient Greece. Mythological paintings <u>Knowledge:</u>		Architecture: Great Stupa Parthenon St.Paul's Cathedral <u>Knowledge:</u> Understand architecture as the art of designing buildings.	Still life & landscapes DT Soup (seasonal veg Prep) Ruisdael Constable Cezanne <u>Knowledge:</u>	Symmetry & line Klee Picasso Hokusai Textiles: Batik <u>Knowledge:</u> LINE	



earning'					
	Understand that a	Understand	LANDSCAPE	Recognise lines	
	mythological work of art	symmetry and a		as horizontal,	
	depicts characters or a	line of symmetry	Decognics and discuss	vertical, or	
	narrative from mythology.	as it applies to	Recognise and discuss as landscapes (images	diagonal.	
	In western European	buildings; observe	of nature or the	Observe the	
	painting these are generally	symmetry in the		use of line in:	
	from classical mythology.	design of some	natural environment,	Paul Klee, Was	
	Recognise as images from	buildings which	from the Dutch word	Fehlt ihm?	
	classical mythology and	are familiar to you	'landschap'):	(What's wrong	
	identify the	and/or the	Jacob Ruisdael,	with him?),	
	characters/setting/narrative	children (you could	Landscape with	1930	
	according to	look at your	Bentheim Castle,	(Fondation	
	Ũ	school, local	1653 (National	Beyeler,	
	The children's knowledge of	houses, or focus	Gallery of Ireland,	Switzerland)	
	the depicted myths from	on the Cathedrals	Dublin)	Pablo Picasso,	
	their language and	studied	John Constable,	Mother and	
	literature studies:	previously).	Salisbury Cathedral	Child, 1922	
	Antonio del Pollaiuolo,	Noting line, shape,	from the Meadows,	(Baltimore	
	Apollo and Daphne, c.1432-	and special	1831 (National	Museum of Art)	
	1498 (National Art Gallery,	features (such as	Gallery, London)	Katsushika	
	London)	columns and	Henri Rousseau,	Hokusai, The	
		domes), look at		Great Wave	
		and consider the	Surprised! A Tiger in a	off Kanagawa,	
		following	Tropical Storm, 1891	1829-33	
		structures in	(National Gallery,	(British	
		relation to World	London)	Museum,	
		History:	STILL LIFE	London)	
		The Parthenon			
		(including the	Recognise and discuss		
		Parthenon Frieze	-		
		or so-called Elgin	the following as still		
		Marbles', now at	lives (images of one		
		the British	or more inanimate		
		Museum, London)	objects):		
		440 BC (Acroplis,	Paul Cézanne, studies		
			with fruit such as		
		Athens, Greece)	 apples and/or		



ough Learning'				
		Great Stupa, begun 3rd Century BC (Buddhist temple)	oranges, for instance, Still Life with Apples, 1877-78 (Fitzwilliam Museum, Cambridge) Sanchi, Raien district, Madhya Pradesh, India). Sir Christopher Wren, St Paul's Cathedral, 1675 (London)	
Music	Glockenspiel Stage 1	Three Little Birds	Bringing us Together	
<u>Indole</u>			Singing us regener	
	Knowledge/Skills	Knowledge/Skills	Knowledge/Skills	
	1 – Musical Activities using	1 – Listen &	1 – Listen and	
	glocks	Appraise: Three	Appraise: Bringing Us	
	Learn to play and read the	Little Birds	Together (Disco)	
	notes C, D, E + F.	(Reggae)	Find the pulse as you	
	Learn to play these tunes:	Structure:	are listening: Dance,	
	• Easy E	Introduction,	clap, sway, march, be	
	Strictly D	chorus, verse,	an animal or a pop	
	Play Your Music	chorus, verse,	star.	
	• Drive	chorus, chorus,	Instruments/voices	
	• Dee Cee's Blues	chorus.	you can hear:	
	What's Up	Instruments/voices	Keyboard, drums,	
	• D-E-F-initely	you can hear: Bass,	bass, a female singer.	
	Roundabout	drums, electric	Do the words of the	
	March of the Golden	guitar, keyboard,	song tell a story?	
	Guards	organ, male and	Does the music	
	Portsmouth	backing vocals.	create a story in your	
	Improvise with Dee Cee's	Find the pulse as	imagination? What	
	Blues using	you are listening:	story?	
	the notes C + D.	Dance, clap, sway,		



Learning				
	Compose using the notes C,	march, be an	Knowledge Organiser	
	D, E + F.	animal or a pop	– Bringing Us	
	Reflection	star.	Together – Year 3,	
	What did you like best	Knowledge	Unit 5	
	about this Unit? Why?	Organiser – Three	2 – Musical Activities	
	Was there anything you	Little Birds – Year	using glocks and/or	
	didn't enjoy about it?	3, Unit 3	recorders	
	Why?	2 – Musical	Warm-up games play	
	Did you have any strong	Activities using	and copy back using	
	feelings about it?	glocks and/or	up to 3 notes – C + A.	
	Were you proud of yourself,	recorders	Bronze: no notes	
	happy or annoyed?	Warm-up games	Silver: C + A Gold: C	
	2 – Perform & Share	play and copy back	+ A	
	Decide how your class will	using	Challenge. Which	
	introduce the	up to 2 notes – C +	challenge did you get	
	performance. Tell your	D.	to?	
	audience how you learnt	Bronze: no notes	Singing in 2 parts.	
	the music and why. Record	Silver: C,	Play instrumental	
	the performance and	sometimes D	parts with the song	
	talk about it afterwards.	Gold: C + D	by ear and/or from	
	The performance will	challenge.	notation using the	
	include one or more of the	Which challenge	easy or medium part.	
	following:	did you get to?	You will be using up	
	Improvisations •	Singing in unison.	to 3 notes – C, A + G.	
	Instrumental performances	Play instrumental	Which part did you	
	Compositions	parts with the song	play?	
		by ear and/or from	Improvise using up to	
		notation using the	2 notes – C + A.	
		easy or medium	Bronze: C Silver: C,	
		part. You will be	and sometimes A	
		using up	Gold: C + A challenge.	
		to 3 notes – C, D +	Which challenge did	
		E. Which part did	you get to?	
		you play?	Compose a simple	
			melody using simple	
L				



Through Learning'			
	Improvise using up	rhythms choosing	
	to 3 notes – C, D +	from the	
	Ε.	notes C, A + G or C, D,	
	Bronze: C Silver:	E, G + A. (Pentatonic	
	C + D Gold: C, D +	scale)	
	E challenge.	3 – Perform & Share	
	Which challenge	Decide how you going	
	did you get to?	to perform this song.	
	Compose a simple	It tells an important	
	melody using	story. Tell your	
	simple rhythms	audience how you	
	choosing from the	learnt	
	notes C, D + E or C,	this song and why.	
	D, E, F + G.	Record the	
	Reflection	performance and talk	
	What did you like	about it afterwards.	
	best about this	The performance will	
	Unit? Why? Was	include one or more	
	there anything you	of the following:	
	didn't enjoy about	Improvisations •	
	it? Why?	Instrumental	
	Did you have any	performances •	
	strong feelings	Compositions	
	about it? Were		
	you proud of		
	yourself, happy or		
	annoyed?		
	What are the 'style		
	indicators' of		
	Reggae music?		
	How do you know		
	this is Reggae		
	music?		
	3 — Perform &		
	Share		
	Sildie	1	



ough Learning'							
ough Learning'	Unit 1 Bonjour Lesson 1 hello/goodbye Lesson 2 Ask/say name Lesson 3 ask/say how old you are Lesson 4 Nouns – instruments Lesson 5 Numbers to 10	Unit 2 En Classe Lesson 1 Class objects Lesson 2 colours Lesson 3 say your age Lesson 4 Class instructions	Decide how your class will introduce the performance. Perhaps add some choreography? Tell your audience how you learnt this song and why. Record the performance and talk about it afterwards. The performance will include one or more of the following: Improvisations • Instrumental performances • Compositions Unit 3 Mon Corps Lesson 1 Body parts Lesson 2 Eyes/hair See Rigolo Scheme of work Mapping Grid	Unit 3 continued Mon Corps Lesson 3 Days of the week Lesson 4 Character descriptions See Rigolo Scheme of work Mapping	Unit 4 Les Animaux Lesson 1 Animals and pets Lesson 2 Numbers to 20 Lesson 3 Give someone's name Lesson 4 Describing someone.	Recap of vocab taught. Writing linked to units covered See Rigolo Scheme of work Mapping Grid	
				work Mapping Grid			



	See Rigolo Scheme of work Mapping Grid	See Rigolo Scheme of work Mapping Grid		See Rigolo Scheme of work Mapping Grid	
Computing	Connecting computers		Programming - Scratch	Creating media – Animations	
	Knowledge:		Knowledge:	Knowledge:	
	Pupils develop their understanding of digital devices, with an initial focus on inputs, processes, and outputs. They also compare digital and non-digital devices. Following this, pupils are introduced to computer networks, including devices that make up a network's infrastructure, such as wireless access points and switches. The unit concludes with pupils discovering the benefits of connecting devices in a network.		This unit explores the concept of sequencing in programming through Scratch. It begins with an introduction to the programming environment, which will be new to most pupils. They will be introduced to a selection of motion, sound, and event blocks which they will use to create their own programs, featuring sequences. The final project is to make a representation of a piano. The unit is paced to focus on	Pupils will use a range of techniques to create a stop frame animation using tablets. Next, they will apply those skills to create a story- based animation. This unit will conclude with pupils adding other types of media to their animation, such as music and text.	



Learning'							
			all aspects of				
			sequences, and				
			knowledge is built				
			in a structured				
			manner. Pupils				
			also apply stages				
			of program design				
			through this unit.				
PE	Cardio Drumming	Dance	Gymnastics	. Racket skills	Athletics	ΟΑΑ	Team sports -
<u></u>	Knowledge:		-,				Moral -
	Read and follow symbols	Knowledge:	Knowledge:	Knowledge:	Knowledge:	Knowledge:	develop a
	for movements in a						sense of
	sequence.	Experiment with	Can execute	Choose and	Run at a speed	Use basic maps	responsibility
	Build stamina and fitness.	actions, dynamics,	positions and	use	appropriate to the	and diagrams	for their own
	Move to music with co-	directions and levels	exercises from	appropriate	distance	to orientate	behaviour
	ordination.	Remember and	Body Management	skills to	Jump from a standing	themselves and	within the
		repeat dance	Level 1 and 2 Key-	complete mini	position	to move from	framework of
		phrases	Steps Syllabus	games. Be able	Able to throw a ball	one place to	individual
	Ball Skills	Translate ideas from	Devise, repeat and	to complete	using an under and	another	liberty. Social
		a stimulus into	perform a short	simple racket	over arm technique		- Participate,
	Knowledge:	movements.	sequence with	and shuttle	Develop standing		cooperate
		Show fluency and	positions from	cock control	jump, long jump,		and
	Choose, use and vary simple	control in their	Body Management	activities.	sprint and hurdles		contribute
	tactics for attacking and	movements.	level 1 and 2		Introduce the javelin		positively to
	defending (e.g. positioning)	Choose appropriate	Can safely set up,		and high jump		their
	Use a variety of skills	movements to	move and use				community
	consistently in a game	express an idea or	equipment				
	including kicking, passing	feeling.					
	and stopping the ball.	Children will now					
		understand					
		Dynamics, use of					
		cannon and					
		mirroring as well as					
	<u>PE</u>	PECardio Drumming Knowledge: Read and follow symbols for movements in a sequence. Build stamina and fitness. Move to music with co- ordination.Ball SkillsKnowledge: Choose, use and vary simple tactics for attacking and defending (e.g. positioning) Use a variety of skills consistently in a game including kicking, passing	PECardio Drumming Knowledge: Read and follow symbols for movements in a sequence. Build stamina and fitness. Move to music with co- ordination.DanceBuild stamina and fitness. Move to music with co- ordination.Experiment with actions, dynamics, directions and levels Remember and repeat dance phrases Translate ideas from a stimulus into movements. Show fluency and control in their movements. Show fluency and control in their movements to express an idea or feeling. Children will now understand Dynamics, use of cannon and	PECardio Drumming Knowledge:DanceGymnasticsRead and follow symbols for movements in a sequence. Build stamina and fitness. Move to music with co- ordination.DanceGymnasticsBall SkillsKnowledge: Remember and repeat dance phrases Translate ideas from a stimulus into movements. Choose, use and vary simpli tactics for attacking and defending (e.g. positioning) Use a variety of skills consistently in a game including kicking, passing and stopping the ball.DanceGymnasticsKnowledge: Knowledge:Can execute positions and evercises from Body Management level 1 and 2 Key- Steps Syllabus Devise, repeat and a stimulus into movements. Choose appropriate movements to express an idea or feeling. Children will now understand Dynamics, use of cannon andGymnastics	PECardio Drumming Mowledge: Nowledge: Read and follow symbols for movements in a sequence. Build stamina and fitness. Move to music with co- ordination.DanceGymnastics Knowledge: Can execute positions and exercises from Boall Skills. Racket skillsBall SkillsExperiment with actions, dynamics, directions and levels Remember and tepeat dance phrases Translate ideas from a stimulus into movements. Show fluency and defending (e.g. positioning) Use a variety of skills consistently in a game including kicking, passing and stopping the ball.DanceKnowledge: Stip. Racket skills knowledge: Can execute positions and exercises from Body Management Level 1 and 2 Key- Steps Syllabus Devise, repeat and perform a short sequence with soldy Management Level 1 and 2 Key- Steps Syllabus Devise, repeat and perform a short sequence with positions from Body Management Level 1 and 2 Key- Steps Syllabus Devise, repeat and perform a short sequence with positions from Body Management Level 1 and 2 Key- Steps Syllabus Devise, repeat and perform a short sequence with positions from Body Management equipmentKnowledge: simple racket and shuttle cock control activities.	PE Cardio Drumming Knowledge: Dance Square that knowledge is built in a structured mance: Neupils also apply stages of program design through this unit. . Racket skills Athletics <u>Knowledge:</u> Read and follow symbols for movements in a sequence. Dance Gymnastics . Racket skills Athletics Build stamina and fitness. Move to music with co- ordination. Experiment with actions, dynamics, directions and levels Can execute positions and exercises from a stimulus into movements. Can execute positions and level 1 and 2 Key Steps Syllabus Devise, repeat and perform a short sequence with defending (e.g. positioning) Use a variety of skills Now ledage: Choose, use and vary simple tactics for attacking and defending (e.g. positioning) Use a variety of skills Choose appropriate movements. Show fluency and control in their movements. Choose appropriate express an idea or fieling. Children will now understand Dynamics, use of cannon and Can stely set up, move and use equipment Now ledage: Run at a speed appropriate to the distance position astivities.	PE Cardio Drumming Maneer, Pupils also apply stages of program design through this unit. Athletics OAA Moweldage: Read and follow symbols for movements in a sequence. Build stamina and fitness. Move to music with co- ordination. Dance Symnastics . Racket skills Athletics Conveldage: Race and and follow symbols for movements in a sequence. Can account of the sympatric sequence. Experiment with actions, dynamics, directions and levels ranslate ideas from a stimulus into movements. Can execute positions and exercises from a stimulus into movements. Choose and appropriate to the distance phrases Run at a speed appropriate to the distance phrases Use basic maps and diagrams stimulus into movements. Choose, use and vary simple tactics for attacking and defending (e.g. positioning) Use a variety of skills consistently in a game including kicking, passing and stopping the ball. Choose appropriate for movements. Now form movements. Choose appropriate tactics for attacking and defending (e.g. positioning) Use a variety of skills consistently in a game including kicking, passing and stopping the ball. Choose appropriate movements. Can safely set up, move and use equipment Can safely set up, move and use equipment Can safely set up, move and use equipment



		motifs in their own choreography.				
<u>RE</u>	Hinduism – Would celebrating Diwali at home and in the community bring a feeling of belonging to a Hindu child?	Christianity – Has Christmas lost its true meaning? <u>Knowledge:</u>	Christianity – Could Jesus really heal people? Were these miracles?	Christianity – What is 'good' about Good Friday? <u>Knowledge:</u>	Hinduism – How can Brahman be everywhere and everything? <u>Knowledge:</u>	Hinduism – Would visiting the River Ganges feel special to non- Hindu?
	Knowledge: Describe and make	Describe and make connections between different	Describe and make connections	Describe and make	Describe and make connections	<u>Knowledge:</u>
	connections between different features of the religions and worldviews they study, discovering more about celebrations, worship, pilgrimages and the rituals which mark important points in life, in order to reflect on their significance. Observe and understand varied examples of religions and worldviews so that they can explain, with reasons, their meanings and significance to individuals and communities.	features of the religions and worldviews they study, discovering more about celebrations, worship, pilgrimages and the rituals which mark important points in life, in order to reflect on their significance. Describe and understand links between stories and other aspects of the	between different features of the religions and worldviews they study, discovering more about celebrations, worship, pilgrimages and the rituals which mark important points in life, in order to reflect on their significance. Consider and apply ideas about ways in which diverse	connections between different features of the religions and worldviews they study, discovering more about celebrations, worship, pilgrimages and the rituals which mark important points in life, in order to reflect on their	between different features of the religions and worldviews they study, discovering more about celebrations, worship, pilgrimages and the rituals which mark important points in life, in order to reflect on their significance. Explore and describe a range of beliefs, symbols and actions so that they can	Describe and make connections between different features of the religions and worldviews they study, discovering more about celebrations, worship, pilgrimages and the rituals which mark important points in life, in
	Observe and understand varied examples of religions and worldviews so that they can explain, with reasons, their meanings and	communities they are investigating, responding thoughtfully to a range of sources of wisdom and to beliefs and teachings	communities can live together for the well-being of all, responding thoughtfully to ideas about	significance.	understand different ways of life and ways of expressing meaning. Discuss and present thoughtfully their own and others'	order to reflect on their significance.





<u>RSHE</u>	Asking for Help	My Feelings	.My Body	My	My Beliefs	.My Rights and
				Relationships		Responsibilities
	Skill Builders	Skill Builders	Skill Builders		Skill Builders	
				Skill Builders		Skill Builders
	Knowledge:	Knowledge:	Knowledge:		Knowledge:	
	By the end of the unit	By the end of the	By the end of the	Knowledge:	By the end of the unit	Knowledge:
	pupils:	unit pupils:	unit pupils:	By the end of	pupils:	By the end of
	Can identify the difference	Can identify their	Know how their	the unit pupils:	Can challenge gender	the unit pupils:
	between secrets and	strengths and set	body may change	Can recognise	stereotypes,	Understand the
	surprise, knowing	aspirational goals for	as they grow and	a wide range of	understanding that	right to protect
	when it is right to break	themselves,	develop, how to	relationships,	there is not one way	their body from
	confidence and share a	understanding how	care for their body	including the	to be a boy, or one	unwanted
	secret	this contributes to	and celebrate their	attributes of	way to be a girl.	touch.
		high self-esteem.	uniqueness.	positive,		
				healthy		
				relationships.		