

History: Act of Union and Development of Parliament



Timeline

- 1603** Union of Crowns
 - 1688** Glorious revolution
 - 1689** William and Mary Crowned ruling Scotland and England
 - 1701** Act of Settlement
 - 1702** Queen Anne crowned
 - 1707** Act of Union
 - 1708, 1715, 1719** Attempted invasions of Britain by 'The Old Pretender' James Edward (with support from France)
 - 1714** Death of Queen = Anne King George I
 - 1721** Robert Walpole becomes Prime Minister
 - 1727** Death King George I = George II crowned
 - 1745** Last Jacobite rebellion
- Bonnie Prince Charlie lands in Scotland (July)
- Battle of Preston pans British defeated
- 1746** Battle of Culloden –British army defeats Jacobites 16th April 1746 .End of the Stuarts

Key Vocabulary

- Act of Union** Scotland and England unite
- Empire** group of countries or states ruled by one monarch
- Monarch** King, Queen or Emperor
- Accession** moving into power (e.g . King **accession** to the throne).
- Democracy** government with elected representatives
- Monarchy** government with monarch at head
- Jacobites** supporters of James I and his descendants. Wanted them to be monarch.

What happened?

- 1689 Bill of Rights- Constitutional Monarchy , meaning that Parliament had more power and the King or Queen had to gain their approval.
- 1701 Act of Settlement – Became law for King/Queen of England to be Protestant
- 1707 Act of Union – England and Scotland became 'Great Britain'
- 1714 The Death of Queen Anne meant the beginning of the **Georgian Period**.
- 1721 Robert Walpole became first Prime Minister of Great Britain. He was given 10 Downing Street and Houghton Hall in Norfolk.
- 1746 Battle of Culloden = end of the Stuarts



Important People

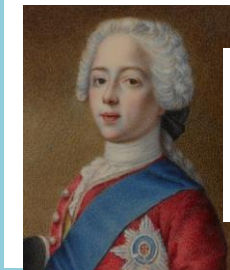


Queen Anne

King George I



Robert Walpole



Bonnie Prince Charlie



King William and Queen Mary